



Course Objectives

- 1. Define fluid flow, flow rate, and total flow, and give common units for each.
- 2. Describe direct and indirect flow measurement and give common applications.
- 3. Identify common types of instruments for measuring flow including: rotameter; weight feeders, flow transmitters using Venturi tube, flow nozzle, pipe elbow, pitot tube, annubar, and orifice plate sensing elements; and flow meters using target flow device using magnetic, vortex, turbine, mass, ultrasonic, Coriolis, and positive displacement principles.
- 4. Describe the operation of common flow measurement instruments.
- 5. Describe typical applications for common flow measurement instruments.
- 6. Describe safety concerns for common flow measurement instruments.
- 7. Describe typical malfunctions for common flow measurement instruments.
- 8. Identify common flow instrument symbols on P&IDs.
- 9. Measure flow using concepts and principles of measurement for common instruments.
- 10. Solve common problems encountered when using flow measurement instruments.



Key Terms (Define the following)

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Pressure - based	Positive displacement	Velocity-based	Mass	Solid material
Orifices	Nutating disc	Turbine	Coriolis	Weighfeeder
Venturi	Oval gear	Vortex	Thermal mass	
Flow nozzles	Rotary vein	Electromagnetic		
Elbow				
Pitot				
Averaging pitot/ Anubar				
Target flow				
Variable flow area (rotameter)				

Applications			Liquid				Gas	
Flow Instrument	Clean	Dirty	Viscous	Corrosive	Slurry	Clean	Dirty	Steam
Orifice plate	•	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc		\bigcirc	
Venturi tube	•	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc		\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Flow nozzle	•	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc		\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Pipe elbow	•		\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	•	\bigcirc	
Pitot tube	•	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc		\circ	
Target flow	•			\bigcirc	\bigcirc			\bigcirc
Variable area	•	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc		\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Nutating disc	•	\bigcirc	•	$\overline{\bullet}$	0	•	0	0
Oval gear	•	\bigcirc	•	\bigcirc	\bigcirc		\circ	\bigcirc
Rotary vein	•	\bigcirc		\bigcirc	\bigcirc		\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Turbine	•	0	0	$\overline{\bullet}$	0	•	0	0
Vortex		\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc		\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Electromagnetic						0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Ultrasonic	\odot		\bigcirc			0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Thermal mass	\odot	0	$\overline{\bullet}$	0	0	•	0	0
Coriolis				\bigcirc		\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Pressure Posi	tive Dipla	cement	Velocity	Mass	•	Yes 🖨	Maybe	○ No



1.	The variety of flow meters and flow transmitters you will see in the field can be categorized by the ☐ temperature scale used
	 □ type of process material being measured □ viscosity range
	☐ method they use to measure flow
2.	A measure of how much volume of a fluid is moving past a certain location during a unit of time is called flow.
3.	List four pressure-based flow instruments. 1) 2) 3) 4)
4.	The Venturi tube has a shaped inlet and outlet. ☐ Triangular ☐ Smooth cone ☐ Smooth D
5.	What does a flow nozzle use to restrict fluid flow?