



# Instrumentation

## Emergency Shutdown

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### Course Objectives

1. Describe common types of alarms.
2. Describe common emergency shutdown (ESD) systems used in process control.
3. Describe common startup permissive conditions.
4. Describe common interlock sensors, including optical and interlock, to control process functioning.
5. Identify safety concerns related to process variable interactions.
6. Describe voting logic.
7. Discuss redundancy systems used to prevent interrupted operations.
8. Identify permissives, interlocks, and emergency shutdown devices on a P&ID.
9. Describe what a specific emergency shutdown device is designed to protect, given a basic description of the process and a P&ID.



### Key Terms (Define the following)

permissives - \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

alarms - \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

interlocks - \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Emergency Shutdown Device (ESDs) - \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_



## Principles

### Interlocks and Emergency System Devices



Hardwired Interlock



Hardwired ESD



Software Interlock



Software ESD



## Questions

1. The P&ID designation LSLL means
  - level switch low low
  - level safety low low
  - low switch low level
  - level scan low low
2. Interlocks are always hardwired between equipment.
  - True
  - False
3. Final control elements cannot be labeled as a safety valve.
  - True
  - False