

Course Objectives

- 1. Describe the purpose, theory of operation, and function of a motor.
- 2. Distinguish between AC and DC motors.
- 3. Identify typical auxiliary equipment associated with AC and DC motors.
- 4. Define drive component.
- 5. Define torque and slip as they refer to drive components.
- 6. Describe the general function of commonly used drive components.

Key Terms (Define the following)	
motor -	

stator
windings
rotor (armature)
commutator
motor controller
motor control center (MMC)
slip
coupling
clutch

gear drive		
belt drive	 	
chain drive		

Principles				
	Motor Categories			
	AC	DC		
	Sychronous			
	• Induction			



1. An AC motor works by creating an electromotive force that turns the

1) _____ 2) _____ 3)

2. List the types of AC motors.

_____•

3. List three advantages of DC motors.

- 4. What is housed in a motor control center (MMC)?
- 5. What kind of applications use contactors and why?
- 6. What is the function of drive components?
- 7. List the categories of drive components.

- 8. Give one example of when a flexible coupling might be used?
- What is one advantage of a chain drive verses a V-belt drive? What is a disadvantage?
 advantage ______
 disadvantage _____
